SALSA General Conference Brussels March 19, 2014

WP 7

Dissemination and education strategies for improving sustainability in the beef and soy chain

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Dr. Davi José Bungenstab (Embrapa)







Contents

- Progress of the work being done
- Results
- Identification of problems
- Suggested solutions of identified problems
- Next steps

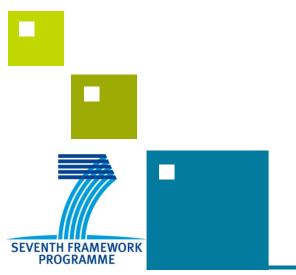






Tasks ...

- 7.1 Developing brochures and multimedia documents (RTRS)
 - D 7.2 (done!)
 - D 7.7 in progress e-Book







E-brochure

UFV - Viçosa Federal University

Country: Brazil

Staff member (s): Aziz Galvão da Silva Junior

RESULT CODE: (UFV 01)

RESULT MAINLY RELATED TO WP: Promote the Interaction between the SALSA

Project and GTPS: Brazilian Roundtable on Sustainable Livestock

RESULT TITLE: Development of initiatives to the Sustainable Livestock

Through the association of UFV and EMBRAPA - Beef Cattle, SALSA Project had the opportunity to join the Brazilian Roundtable on Sustainable Livestock. The group became an important partner for data collection, detecting chain weaknesses and promoting actions.

RESULT DESCRIPTION

The Viçosa Federal University - UFV is a consortium SALSA member, and the Workpackage 7 leader, which during the event "Solutions for Sustainability in Food Chains and Bioenergy", organized by SALSA Project, gathered reference entities, especially in relation to sustainability in Brazil and Latin America. GTPS - Brazilian Roundtable on Sustainable Livestock is a Brazilian roundtable to discuss initiatives for a model development to the sustainable livestock in Brazil. It

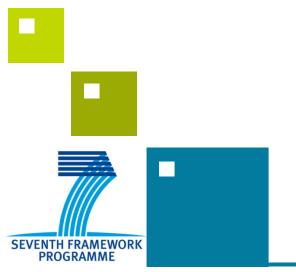






Tasks ...

- 7.2 Organization of Meeting and Conferences (UFV)
- D 7.5 in progress (to include results of General Conference!)







... Tasks

- 7.3 Developing Inventory of successful cases of sustainable food chains (FSLA)
 - D 7.6 (done!)







EU SALSA GENERAL CONFERENCE BRUSSELS - BELGIUM





- Soja Plus is a Management Program for Brazilian Soybean, involving economic, social and environmental aspects.
- Soja Plus develops a transparent and participative management program for farms, in order to fulfill the market's demands regarding sustainable products, generating a process of continuous improvement.



- Farmers will receive training and support for implementation the program and later will be audited regarding program requirements.
- SALSA E-Platform will be useful for implementing Soja Plus in Mato Grosso do Sul State, which will be carried out by Famasul/Aprosoja-MS.

Soja Plus Organizers in Mato Grosso do Sul









Soja Plus Partners in Mato Grosso do Sul

























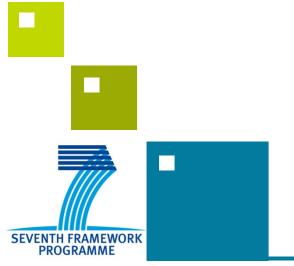






... Tasks

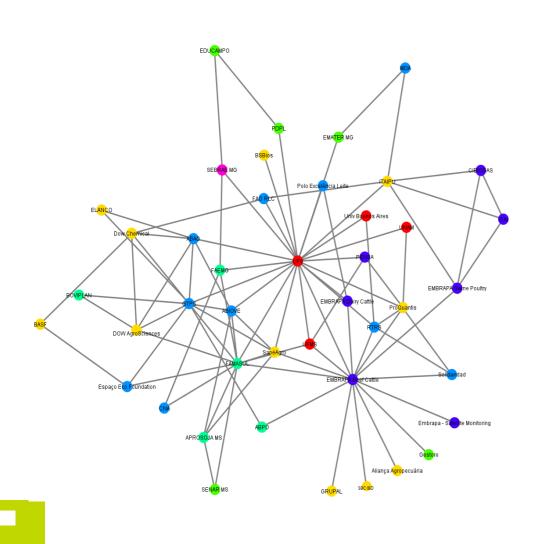
- 7.4 Developing Educational oriented forum structure and contents
 - D 7.7 (done!)







Education Forum









Identification of Problems

- Challenge: raise the awareness of the benefits of shared strategies among EU and LA to LA stakeholders in order to
- fulfill the project objectives;
- enable the development of others WP's tasks and
- increase the effectiveness of results' dissemination (= fulfill the project objectives)

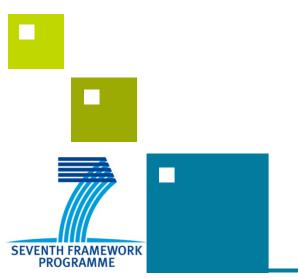






Suggested (implemented) Solutions

- Create trust within Latin American stakeholders
- I. identify key stakeholders among the categories: education organization, small scale advisory centers, small and medium enterprise board, farmers' organization, research centers and public sector

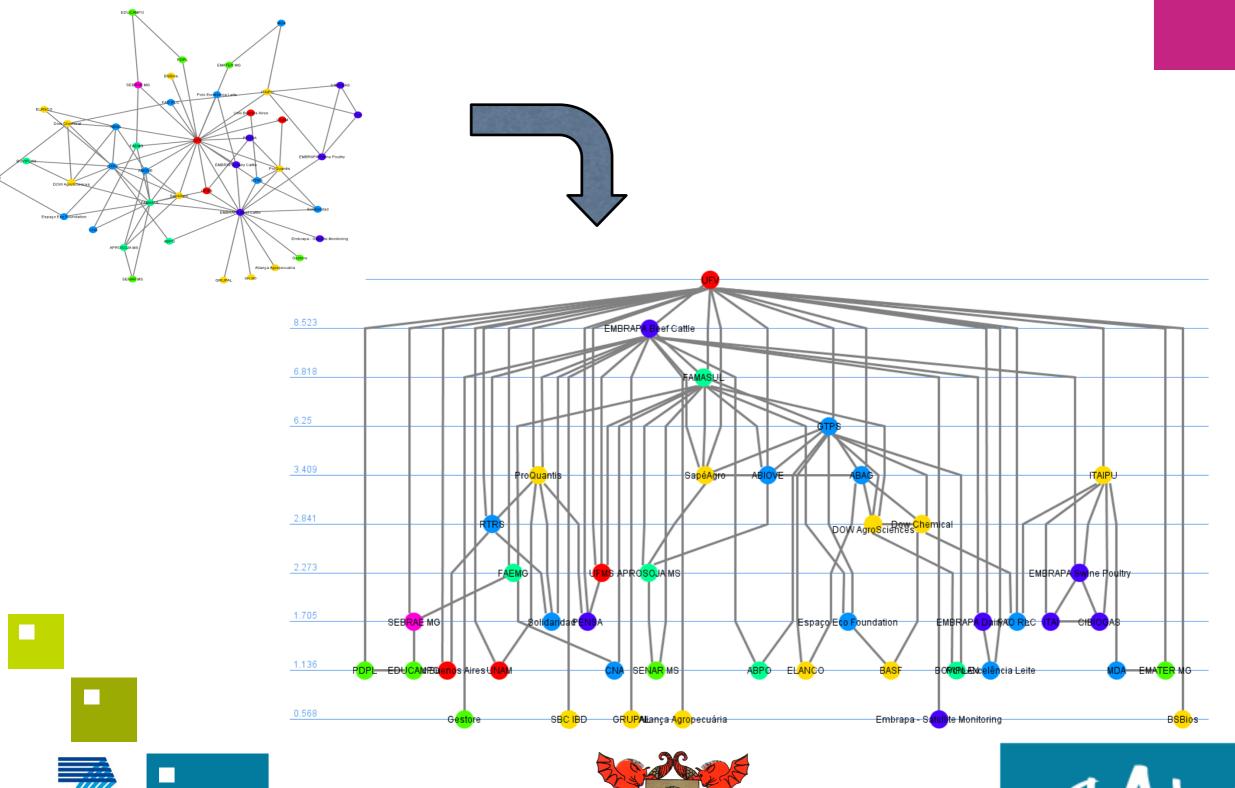






Identify key stakeholders through SNA

SEVENTH FRAMEWORK





SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS







Definitions

- •Social network => network theory
- Nodes
- Ties
- Metrics
- Connections
- Segmentation
- Distributions
- Centrality
- Degree
 - Closeness
 - Betweenness







Connections

- Homophily: The extent to which actors form ties with similar versus dissimilar others.
- •Multiplexity: The number of content-forms contained in a tie. For example, two people who are friends and also work together would have a multiplexity of 2. Multiplexity has been associated with relationship strength.







Connections

- •Mutuality/Reciprocity: The extent to which two actors reciprocate each other's friendship or other interaction.
- •Network Closure: A measure of the completeness of relational triads. An individual's assumption of network closure (i.e. that their friends are also friends) is called transitivity.
- Propinquity: The tendency for actors to have more ties with geographically close others.







Segmentation

- •**Groups** are identified as '<u>cliques</u>' if every individual is directly tied to every other individual, '<u>social circles</u>' if there is less stringency of direct contact, which is imprecise, or as <u>structurally cohesive</u> blocks if precision is wanted. [25]
- •Clustering coefficient: A measure of the likelihood that two associates of a node are associates. A higher clustering coefficient indicates a greater 'cliquishness'.[26]



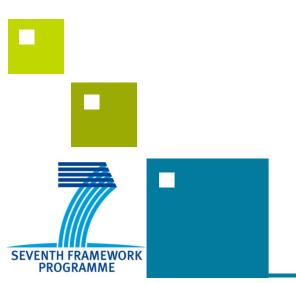




Segmentation

•Cohesion: The degree to which actors are connected directly to each other by cohesive bonds.

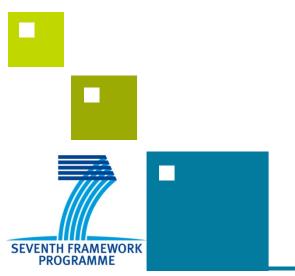
Structural cohesion refers to the minimum number of members who, if removed from a group, would disconnect the group. [27][28]







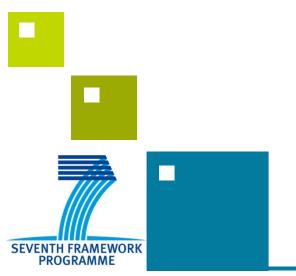
•Bridge: an individual whose weak ties fill a structural hole, providing the only link between two individuals or clusters. It also includes the shortest route when a longer one is unfeasible due to a high risk of message distortion or delivery failure.







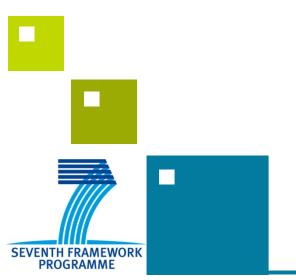
Centrality: refers to a group of metrics that aim to quantify the "importance" or "influence" (in a variety of senses) of a particular node (or group) within a network. Examples of common methods of measuring "centrality" include betweenness centrality, closeness centrality, eigenvector centrality, alpha centrality and degree centrality







•<u>Density</u>: The proportion of direct ties in a network relative to the total number possible.







• **Distance**: The minimum number of ties required to connect two particular actors

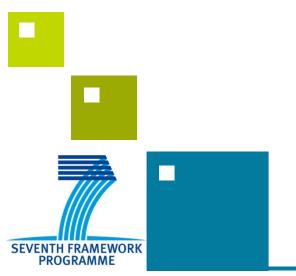
•Structural holes: The absence of ties between two parts of a network. Finding and exploiting a structural hole can give an entrepreneur a competitive advantage. Sometimes referred to as an alternate conception of social capital







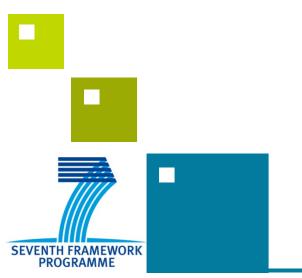
Tie Strength: Defined by the linear combination of time, emotional intensity, intimacy and reciprocity (i.e. mutuality). [16] Strong ties are associated with homophily, propinquity and transitivity, while weak ties are associated with bridges







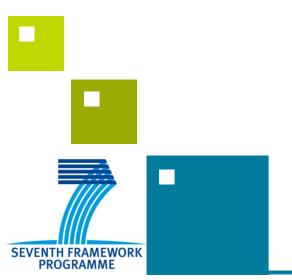
• **Eigenvector centrality** is a measure of the influence of a <u>node</u> in a <u>network</u>.







•Centralization of any network is a measure of how central its most central node is in relation to how central all the other nodes are.







- •Degree centrality, number of links incident upon a node (i.e., the number of ties that a node has).
- Indegree: number of ties directed to the node (popularity)
- •Outdegree: number of ties that the node directs to others (gregariousness)







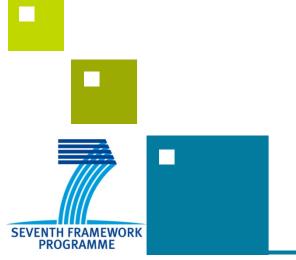
- •Closeness centrality: farness of a node s is the sum of its distances from all other nodes; its closeness is defined as the inverse of the farness
- The more central a node is the lower its total distance to all other nodes. Closeness can be regarded as a measure of how-long-it-will-take-to-spread-information-from-s-to-all-other-nodes
- sequentially





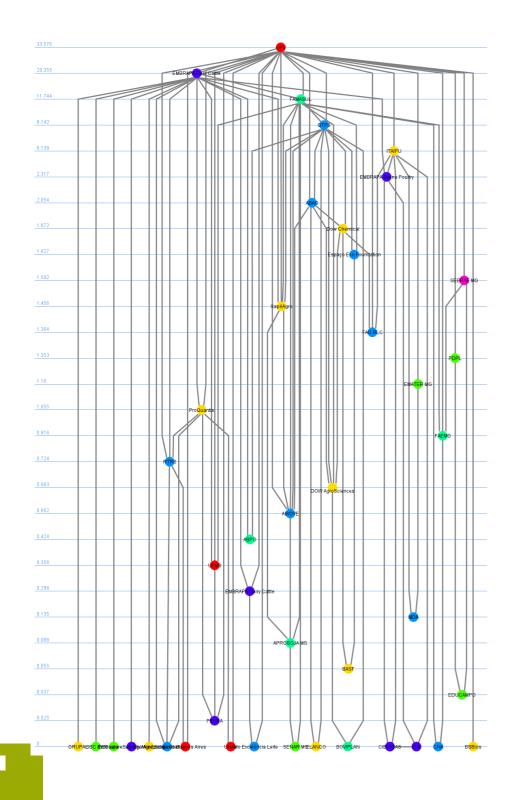


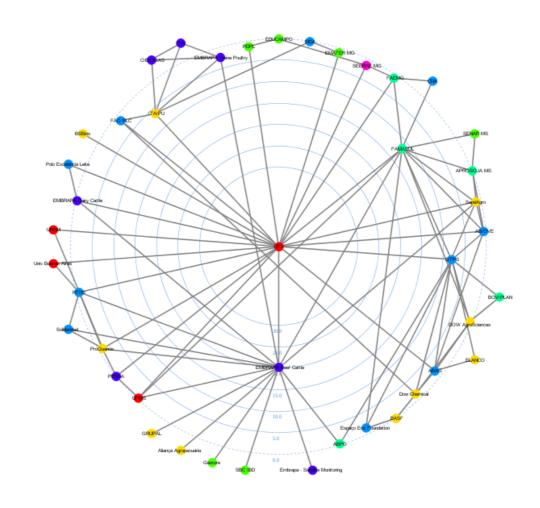
- •Betweenness centrality: quantifies the number of times a node acts as a bridge along the shortest path between two other nodes.
- It was introduced as a measure for quantifying the <u>control</u> of a human on the communication between other humans in a social network by <u>Linton Freeman</u>











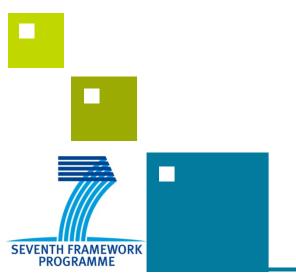






Suggested (implemented) Solutions

2. implementing actions (WP tasks and beyond), that means visits, meetings, participation in activities of key stakeholders and providing training on the E-platform tailored for key stakeholders (clusters)









ASSOCIADOS COLABORADORES - INSTITUIÇÕES DE ENSINO, PESQUISA, EXTENSÃO E INSTITUIÇÕES GOVERNAMENTAIS



Embaixada do Reino dos Países Baixos



Universidade Federal de Viçosa/Projeto SALSA



Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Sul – UFRGS



Universidade Federal do Mato Grosso do Sul – UFMS



SAE – Secretaria de Assuntos Estratégicos da Presidência da República



PENSA – Conhecimento em Agronegócio



Ministério do Meio Ambiente



Consulado Geral da Nova Zelândia/New Zealand Consulate General



FRANCISCO VILA (COLABORADOR INDIVIDUAL)

PMV – Programa Municípios Verdes Francisco Vila – Colaborador







ABAG Brazilian Agr. Association

























































IN DEERE



















































ABIOVE Vegetable Oil Associaton







































GTPS





Banco do Brasil



Fazenda Lagoa Bonita - Sergio Rocha



Fazenda Nossa Senhora das Graças - André Bartocci

IFC



Rabobank Brasil

FAMASUL - Federação da Agricultura do Estado de MS





Santander

ASSOCON - Associação Nacional dos Confinadores



ACRIOESTE - Associação dos Criadores de Gado do Oeste da Bahia



ACRIMAT - Associação dos Criadores de Mato Grosso



ABPO - Associação Brasileira de Pecuária Orgânica



Novilho Precoce - Assoc. Sul Matogrossense de Prod. de Novilho Precoce



ABCZ - Associação Brasileira dos APEPASA- Associação dos Criadores de Zebu



Pequenos Produtores Agrícolas de



Agrotools



ALLFLEX - Sistemas de Identificação Animal Ltda.



Arcos Dourados



Carrefour









IBD Certificações



McDonald's Corporation



MSD Saúde Animal

Dow AgroSciences





Grupo Pão de Açúcar





Nutreco



Stoller





Syngenta



Elanco







ABIEC - Associação Brasileira das CICB - Centro das Indústrias de Indústrias Exportadoras de Carne Curtume do Brasil



Gelitta







JBS



Aliança da Terra



APPS – Associação dos Profissionais de Pecuária Sustentável



BVRio



Fundação Espaço ECO®



Amigos da Terra



GRSB - Global Roundtable on Sustainable Beef



ICV - Instituto Centro de Vida



IIS - Instituto Internacional para a Sustentabilidade



Imaflora - Instituto de Manejo e Certificação Florestal e Agrícola



Instituto Parceiros da Terra -



IPAM - Instituto de Pesquisa Ambiental da Amazônia



National Wildlife Federation







Zoetis Indústria de Produtos Veterinários Ltda







The Nature Conservancy



WWF Brasil





Next steps

Application of results beyond the end of the project: Results exploitation

- Adoption of E-platform from relevant stakeholders (SojaPlus, Embrapa, ...)
- Netoworking with other food sustainability related Platforms (eg. AgriPlace)
- Extension of SALSA approach to other chains (e.g. dairy)
- joint researches projects between LA and EU Institutions (ciência sem fronteiras)







Next steps

Application of results beyond the end of the project: Results exploitation

- applied projects (e.g. based on SAFA in cooperation with Elanco/Dow/GTPS)
- Networking and collaboration with relevant initiatives on food chain sustainability (e.g. Sustainability Consortium, FAO, COSA etc.)

